REMARKS

This amendment responds to the Final Office Action mailed October 18, 2006. In the Office Action the Examiner:

- rejected claims 2, 4-5, 7, 9-11, 13, 15, 17-22, 24 and 27-28 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable by Choy et al. (US 5,551,027) in view of Badue et al. (Badue, C., et al., "Distributed query processing using partitioned inverted files," SPIRE 2001, hereinafter "Badue"); and
- rejected claims 12 and 23 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Badue as applied to claims 1 and 14, and further in view of Agarwal et al. (US 6,816,853). After entry of this amendment, the pending claims are: claims 2, 4-5, 7, 9-13, 15, 17-24, and 27-28. Twenty claims are pending; claims 27 and 28 are the independent claims.

Amendment to Specification

Applicants thank the Examiner for withdrawing the objection regarding the title of the application, but respectfully bring to the Examiner's attention that Private PAIR has not been updated with the amended title.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

Choy does not teach the searching methodology required by the pending independent claims. Further, *Badue* does not fill in the gaps, and therefore Applicants respectfully traverse the Examiner's rejections.

Claim 28

First, Applicants' methodology uses two levels of indexes: the document index and the partition indexes. The document index is partitioned into pieces called document index partitions. Each document index partition is just a piece of the document index, and not a separate index level. The partition index keeps track of what terms appear in each document index partition.

Choy teaches a method for searching using two levels of indexes, and suggests that the methodology could be extended to multiple levels. Neither of the Choy methodologies teaches the methodology disclosed by Applicants.

Choy Two-tier Index

In *Choy's* two-tier method, *Choy* teaches the use of a *single* Global Coarse Index and Local Indexes corresponding to horizontal database partitions. With this methodology, *Choy* does not teach several elements of claim 28:

- "each document index partition comprising a plurality of document index subpartitions." The partitions in *Choy* are partitions of database records rather than partitions of an index, and there are no sub-partitions.
- "a plurality of partition indexes, each corresponding to a respective document index partition." The Examiner has indicated that *Choy's* coarse global index corresponds to Applicant's partition indexes. But the coarse global index in *Choy* is global, and does not correspond to a single specific partition. Another way to say this, is that Choy does not teach a plurality of "coarse global indexes" (which would make the term "global" a bit of a misnomer!), does not teach any methodology for dividing its coarse global index into distinct pieces, and furthermore does not teach or suggest that dividing the coarse global index into pieces could be used to extend the scalability of a search index.
- "a plurality of balancers, each respective balancer configured to receive a search query having a set of terms, comprising one or more terms ... wherein the plurality of balancers operate in parallel." Choy does not teach or disclose a plurality of elements that function as balancers. Choy implicitly teaches an element that executes a database query, but there is no language to suggest that there would multiple such elements operating in parallel. (Note that the language at Col 14, lines 15-19 applies only when there is an index scheme with more than two levels.)

Without a plurality of balancers, it is also irrelevant whether *Badue* teaches a mixer to send out the query and collate the results.

Choy Multi-tier Index (Three or More)

Even in the "multi-tier indexing scheme," *Choy* teaches only the partitioning of database records, not the partitioning of an index. For this reason, *Choy* does not teach "document index partitions."

In addition, the only multi-tier teaching in *Choy* (starting at col. 14, line 8) is for a "multi-tier **indexing** scheme," (emphasis added), which clearly indicates that it is the index which is multi-tiered. Thus, in a 3-tier indexing scheme according to *Choy*, the <u>index</u> would have three tiers, which is contrary to the requirements of independent claims 27 and 28.

In contrast to *Choy*, independent claim 28 describes a method where the search results from each partition index, of a plurality of partition indexes, are received and collated by a mixer. This method allows for expansion of the document index into a plurality of partition indexes without increasing the number of levels of indexes in the system. That is, Applicant's method uses *two* levels of indexes, searching multiple partitions in parallel without expanding the depth (or number of index levels) of the system. *Choy* does not teach or anticipate a "horizontally" expanded system of partition indexes that uses a two tier index scheme, and which collates search results from multiple document index searches in the manner required by claim 28.

As the Examiner noted, *Choy* does not teach or disclose a mixer that sends search queries to balancers, receives search results from the balancers, and collates the results. Importantly, *Badue* does not fill in this missing element. *Badue* teaches index partitioning using a *single* index level. In contrast, *Choy* teaches partitioning of database records using multiple levels of indexes. Thus, none of the embodiments in Choy have any use for a mixer, nor do any of the embodiments of Choy have any use for the "broker" of *Badue*. Thus, there is no motivation, teaching, or suggestion to combine the single-level index partitioning methodology of *Badue* with the multiple-level data partitioning methodology of *Choy*. Furthermore, even if such motivation existed, adding the "broker" of *Badue* to any of the Choy embodiments does not meet all the requirements of independent claims 27 and 28 (see listing, above, of claim elements not taught by Choy).

Therefore, claim 28 is patentable over *Choy* in view of *Badue*.

The same arguments above apply to independent claim 27, and thus all of the remaining dependent claims as well.

Conclusion

In light of the above remarks, Applicants respectfully request that the Examiner reconsider this application with a view towards allowance. The Examiner is invited to call the undersigned attorney at (650) 843-4000, if a telephone call could help resolve any remaining items.

Respectfully submitted,

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